

Q1. b.

M/s Dharia and Co.
Trading and P/L Account
For the Year Ended 31 March, 2016

Dr.			Cr.		
Particulars	Rs	Rs	Particulars	Rs	Rs
Opening Stock		32,000	By Sales	2,70,000	
To Purchases	1,00,000		Less : Return Inward	8,000	2,62,000
Less: Return Outward	2,000	98,000			
To Carriage Inward		4,700	By Closing Stock		40,000
To import Duty		2,500			
To Factory Insurance		3,800			
To Wages		33,400			
To Gross Profit c/d		1,27,600			
		3,02,000			3,02,000
To Salaries	41,400		By Gross Profit b/d		1,27,600
Add: Outstanding Sal	4,000	45,400	By Discount Received		3,000
To Printing & Stationary		5,000	By Commission Received	4,000	
To Postage		200	Add: O/S Commission	500	4,500
To Legal Expense		20,000			
To Depreciation on Plant & Machinery	10,000				
on Land and Building	12,600	22,600			
To Net Profit trans. To Capital A/c.		41,900			
		1,35,100			1,35,100

Balance sheet as on 31st March, 2016

Liabilities	Rs	Rs	Assets	Rs	Rs
Capital	3,50,000		Plant and Machinery	2,00,000	
Less: Drawings	15,000		Less : Depreciation	10,000	1,90,000
Add : Net Profit	41,900	3,76,900	Land And Building	1,26,000	
			Less : Depreciation	12,600	1,13,400
			O/S Commission		500
Outstanding Salary		4,000	Debtors		50,000
Creditors		37,000	Closing Stock		40,000
Bills Payable		4,000	Cash in Hand		11,700
			Cash at bank		16,300
		4,21,900			4,21,900

Q2. a.

*Note: If the student has written 'Goods A/c' instead of 'Sales A/c' or 'Purchases A/c' depending upon the entry then also it is allowed.

In The Books of M/s Archana & Co.
Journal Entries

Apr	Particulars	L. F.	Debit Rs	Credit Rs.
1	Cash A/c Machinery A/c Furniture A/c Computer A/c To Capital A/c	Dr. Dr. Dr. Dr.	50,000 10,000 15,000 25,000	1,00,000
4	Purchases A/c To Rajaram A/c	Dr.	48,000	48,000
7	Sitaram A/c To Sales A/c	Dr.	28,800	28,800
10	Drawings A/c To Bank A/c	Dr.	5,000	5,000
16	Loss by Fire A/c Insurance Claim A/c To Purchases A/c	Dr. Dr.	5,000 5,000	10,000
19	Cash A/c (Or Bank A/c) Discount A/c To Sitaram A/c	Dr. Dr.	27,360 1,440	28,800
22	Advertisement A/c To Cash A/c	Dr.	5,000	5,000
23	Cash A/c To Commission A/c	Dr.	500	500
28	Cash A/c P/L A/c (Or Loss on Sale of Machinery) To Machinery A/c	Dr. Dr.	50,000 50,000	1,00,000
30	Salary A/c To Cash A/c	Dr.	20,000	20,000
			3,46,100	3,46,100

*Note : Narration is not provided to limit the length of solution. It should be considered while assessing the answersheet.

Solution

Q4. a.

*Note : Narration is not provided to limit the length of solution. It should be considered while assessing the answersheet. *Note: If the student has written 'Goods A/c' instead of 'Sales A/c' or 'Purchases A/c' depending upon the entry then also it is allowed.

Three Column Cash Book of Mr. Jagmohan													
Dr.													Cr.
Dt	Particulars	RN	LF	Disc	Cash	Bank	Dt	Particulars	VN	LF	Disc	Cash	Bank
1	To Balance b/d				35,000	15,000	2	By Bank A/c	C			1,500	
2	To Cash A/c	C				1,500	4	By Furniture A/c					2,500
14	To Sales A/c			200	3,800		7	By Purchases A/c				2,000	
23	To Ganesh A/c					3,000	12	By Bank Charges					500
27	To Viraj A/c					5,000	20	By Drawings					800
							30	By Rent A/c					1,000
							30	By Balance c/d				35,300	19,700
				200	38,800	24,500					-	38,800	24,500
1	To Balance b/d				35,300	19,700							

Q5. a. Ratio Analysis

Cost of Goods Sold = Opening Stock + Purchases - Closing Stock

Average Debtors = 1,80,000

- Since Opening debtors are not given only closing debtors are considered.

$$\begin{aligned}
 1 \quad \text{Current Ratio} &= \frac{\text{Current Assets}}{\text{Current Liabilities}} = \frac{\text{Cash} + \text{Debtors} + \text{Stock}}{\text{Creditors} + \text{Bank O/D}} \\
 &= \frac{1,20,000 + 1,80,000 + 1,55,000}{1,50,000 + 35,000} = \frac{4,55,000}{185,000} = 2.46 : 1
 \end{aligned}$$

$$2 \quad \text{Gross Profit Ratio} = \frac{\text{Gross Profit} \times 100}{\text{Net Sale}} = \frac{1,50,000 \times 100}{7,50,000} = 20\%$$

$$3 \quad \text{Net Profit Ratio} = \frac{\text{Net Profit} \times 100}{\text{Net Sale}} = \frac{70,000 \times 100}{7,50,000} = 9.33\%$$

$$\begin{aligned}
 4 \quad \text{Stock Turnover Ratio} &= \frac{\text{Cost of Goods Sold}}{\text{Average Stock}} = \frac{\text{Sales} - \text{Gross Profit}}{(\text{Opening} + \text{Closing}) / 2} \\
 &= \frac{7,50,000 - 1,50,000}{(1,45,000 + 1,55,000) / 2} = \frac{6,00,000}{1,50,000} = 4:1
 \end{aligned}$$

$$5 \quad \text{Debtors Turnover Ratio} = \frac{\text{Credit Sale}}{\text{Avg. Debtors}} = \frac{7,50,000}{1,80,000} = 4.17 \text{ times}$$

OR

$$5 \quad \text{Debtors Turnover Ratio} = \frac{\text{Cost of Goods Sold}}{\text{Avg. Debtors}} = \frac{6,00,000}{1,80,000} = 3.33 \text{ times}$$

Solution

Q6. a.

**Amruta Industries Ltd.
Cash Budget for 3 months**

Particulars	April	May	June
Opening Balance	25,000	34,000	21,000
Receipts			
Sales - Cash	50,000	60,000	55,000
Sales - Credit / Debtors	35,000	40,000	50,000
Total Receipt	1,10,000	1,34,000	1,26,000
Payments			
Purchases / Creditors	60,000	70,000	80,000
Wages 1/2 Current month	3,000	4,000	5,000
Wages 1/2 Previous month	3,500	3,000	4,000
Overheads - Production	6,000	7,000	9,000
Overheads - Selling	3,500	4,000	5,000
Machinery		25,000	25,000
Total Payment	76,000	1,13,000	1,28,000
Balance	34,000	21,000	-2,000